Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
1	**Alternative method 1**		
	$6 \times 3 + c = 19$	M1	oe eg $18 + c = 19$
	$(c =)\ 19 - 6 \times 3$ or $(c =)\ 1$	M1dep	oe implied by (0, 1)
	$y = 6x + 1$	A1	SC1 $y = 6x + c \quad c \neq 1$
	Alternative method 2		
	$y - 19 = 6(x - 3)$	M1	oe
	$y - 19 = 6x - 18$	M1dep	oe correct equation with brackets expanded
	$y = 6x + 1$	A1	SC1 $y = 6x + c \quad c \neq 1$
	Additional Guidance		
	Allow $y = 6 \times x + 1$		
	$6x + 1$ on answer line, $y = 6x + 1$ seen in working		M1M1A1
	$6x + 1$ on answer line, $y = 6x + 1$ not seen in working		M1M1A0
	$m = 6$, $c = 1$ on answer line, $y = 6x + 1$ seen in working		M1M1A1
	$m = 6$, $c = 1$		M1M1A0
	$y = mx + 1$		M1M1A0
	Allow embedded value for c eg $19 = 6 \times 3 + 1$		M1M1A0
	$y = 6x + c$		SC1
	$y = 6x$		SC1
	$6x + c$ on answer line with $c \neq 1$, $y = 6x + c$ seen in working		SC1
	$6x + c$ on answer line with $c \neq 1$, $y = 6x + c$ not seen in working		M0M0A0

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
2	3	B1	

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
3(a)	$y = 6$ or $6 = y$	B1	accept $y = 0x + 6$
	Additional Guidance		
	$y = x + 6$		B0
	$x = 6$		B0
	6		B0

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
4	(0, –6)	B1	